

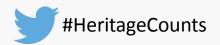








The Heritage Alliance Presentation
of the outcomes
& recommendations
of the CHCFE project





This project is co-funded by the Culture Programme of the European Union

Available online http://www.encatc.org/culturalheri tagecountsforeurope/outcomes/



Presentation of the Key Findings & Recommendations of the CHCFE Project

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Director of the Raymond Lemaire International
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Group photo of the participants in the Cultural Heritage Counts for Europe conference, Aula of the Domus Media of Oslo University, 12 June 2015

The project

The Consortium

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FUROPF

- Europa Nostra (project coordinator)
- International Cultural Centre (Krakow) – research partner
- Raymond Lemaire
 International Centre for
 Conservation (KU Leuven,
 Belgium) research partner
- ENCATC (The European Network on Cultural Management and Cultural Policy Education)
- Heritage Europe EAHTR (European Association of Historic Towns & Regions)
- Heritage Alliance (partnership institution from Great Britain)





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Aims of the project

- to collect and analyse existing and accesssible evidence-based research and case studies regarding the economic, social, cultural and environmental impacts of cultural heritage;
- to identify gaps in information and areas of possible future research; and
- to develop policy recommendations for tapping into the full potential of cultural heritage.

4 pillars approach of sustainable development



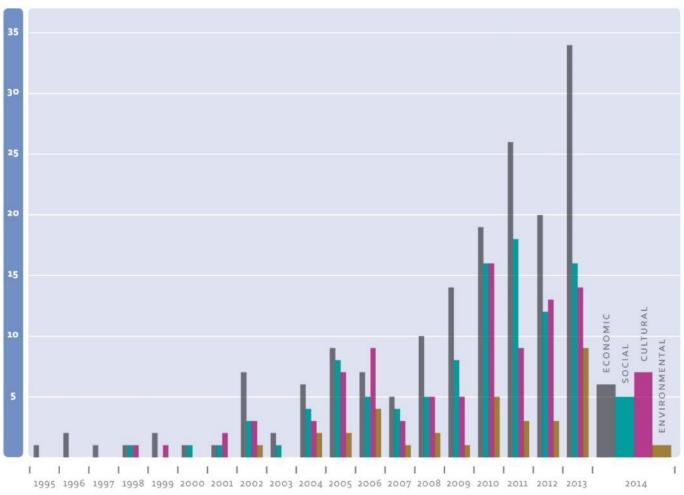
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Growing interest in cultural heritage impact research



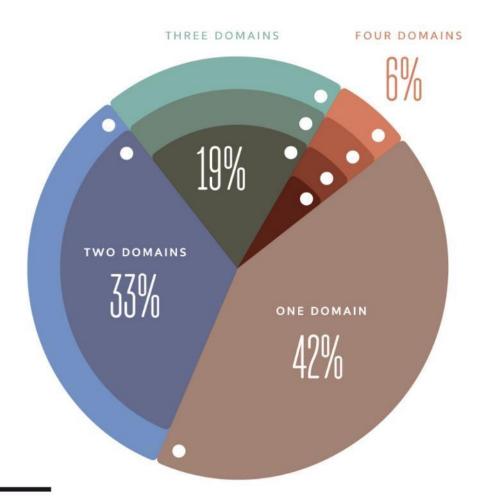
♦ FIGURE A. CHRONOLOGICAL EVOLUTION OF THE IMPACT DOMAINS AS REPRESENTED BY THE SUBMITTED STUDIES

Source: own, based on the survey results.

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Towards a Holistic Approach to Cultural Heritage Impact Research



♦ FIGURE B. THE INTERRELATION OF ALL FOUR IMPACT DOMAINS AS IDENTIFIED IN THE COLLECTED STUDIES

Source: own, based on the survey results.

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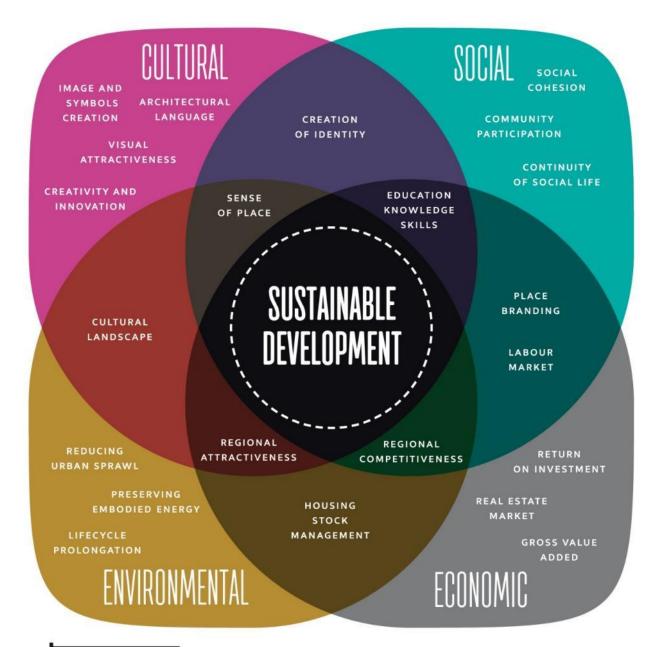


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• FIGURE C. THE DIFFERENT SUBDOMAINS IDENTIFIED IN THE COLLECTED STUDIES MAPPED IN THE HOLISTIC FOUR DOMAIN APPROACH DIAGRAM

Source: own.



- 1. Cultural heritage is a key contributor to the attractiveness of Europe's regions, cities, towns and rural areas
 - in terms of private sector inward investment
 - developing cultural creative quarters
 - attracting talents and footloose businesses enhancing regional competitiveness both within Europe and globally.

Temple Bar in Dublin, Ireland

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- 2. Cultural heritage provides European countries and regions with a unique identity
 - creates compelling city narratives providing the basis for effective marketing strategies aimed at developing cultural tourism and attracting investment.

Museo Ferrari near Modena in Italy

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- 3. Cultural heritage is a significant creator of jobs across Europe, covering a wide range of types of job and skill levels:
 - conservation-related construction, repair and maintenance
 - cultural tourism
 - small and medium-sized enterprises and start-ups - often in the creative industries.

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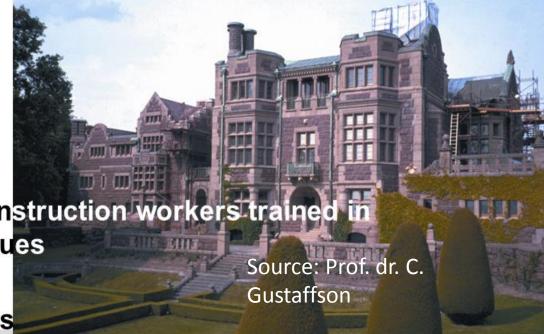


1,200 new jobs in the construction industry

One third of all construction workers trained in traditional techniques

235 new jobs on improved premises







- 4. Cultural heritage is an important source of creativity and innovation:
 - generating new ideas and solutions to problems
 - creating innovative services ranging from digitisation of cultural assets to exploiting the cutting-edge virtual reality technologies
 - with the aim of interpreting historic environments and buildings and making them accessible to citizens and visitors.

Tate Modern in London, UK

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- 5. Cultural heritage has a track record:
 - in providing a good return on investment
 - is a significant generator of tax revenue for public authorities and
 - through spill- over from heritage-oriented projects leading to further investment.

UNESCO Heritage Site of Pont du Gard in France

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6. Cultural heritage is a catalyst for sustainable heritage-led regeneration.

Grainger Town in Newcastle, UK

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- 7. Cultural heritage is a part of the solution to Europe's climate change challenges
 - for example through the protection and revitalisation of the huge embedded energy in the historic building stock.

Borgund stave church in Norway

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- 8. Cultural heritage contributes to the quality of life, providing character and ambience to neighbourhoods, towns and regions across Europe,
 - making them popular places to live, work in and visit
 - making them attractive to residents, tourists and the representatives of creative class alike.

Jamtli indoor and open-air museum in Sweden

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- 9. Cultural heritage provides an essential stimulus to education and lifelong learning
 - including a better understanding of history
 - as well as feelings of civic pride and belonging, and
 - fosters cooperation and personal development.

Pszczyna Castle in Poland

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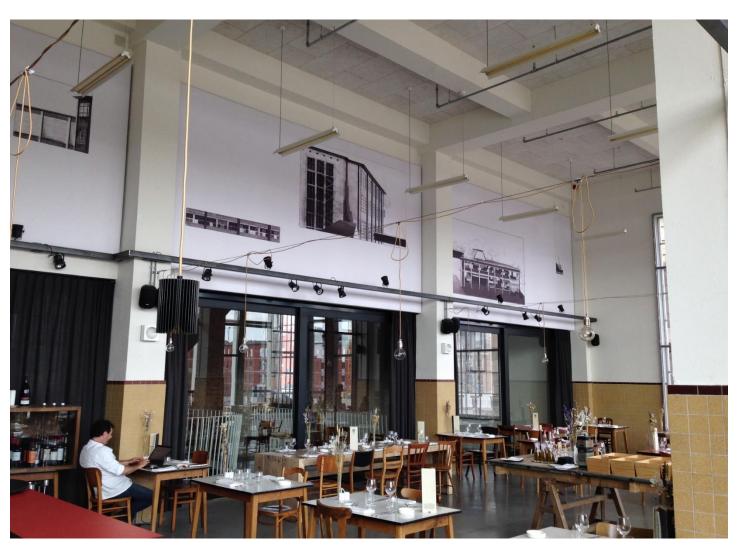






- 10. Cultural heritage combines many of the above-mentioned positive impacts to build social capital and help deliver social cohesion in communities across Europe:
 - providing a framework for participation and engagement
 - fostering integration.

De Hoorn, Leuven



Heritage Award: www.youtube.com/watch?v=8J3x4Fuh8LQ&feature=youtu.be







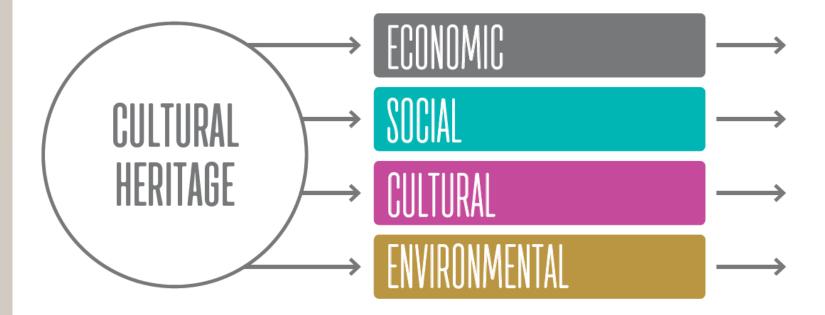
5 Strategic Recommendations

- 1. Supporting Evidence-based Policy Making
- 2. Measuring Impact
- 3. Monitoring Trends
- 4. Sharing and Disseminating Data
- 5. Maximising Impact

Downstream approach

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Lessons learned

Obnovme si svoj dom / Let's restore our home





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Exhausting removal of the cement mortar (Ižvolt and Smatanová 2014)

- Collaboration between the Slovak Republic's Ministry of Culture and Ministry of Labour, Social Affairs and Family, with support of the European Social Fund
- The project operates with unemployed citizens who, together with the active participation of civic associations, restore selected state owned monuments
- Open to civil society organisations, foundations and municipalities in the Bratislava Region.

Positive effects:

- → Decreasing the unemployment rate in regions with low economic productivity
- → integrating the long-term unemployed into the heritage conservation sector, through connection with regional traditions and local citizens' cultural values
- → Creating more employment in the service sector

Upstream approach

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